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Other Names

GCE AS/A LEVEL

2500U10-1

COMPUTER SCIENCE – AS unit 1 Fundamentals of Computer Science

TUESDAY, 21 MAY 2019 - MORNING

2 hours

For Exa	aminer's us	e only
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2.	6	
3.	6	
4.	10	
5.	3	
6.	5	
7.	11	
8.	6	
9.	6	
10.	13	
11.	13	
12.	6	
13.	11	
Total	100	

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Answer all questions.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you run out of space, use the continuation pages at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

The total number of marks available is 100.

Assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers.

		Answer all questions.	Examiner only
1.	(a)	Define the term Internet.	[1]
	······		
	(b)	Describe the use of the following networking protocols:	
	(0)	(i) Universal Datagram Protocol (UDP).	[1]
		(ii) Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).	[1]
		(iii) Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP).	[1]

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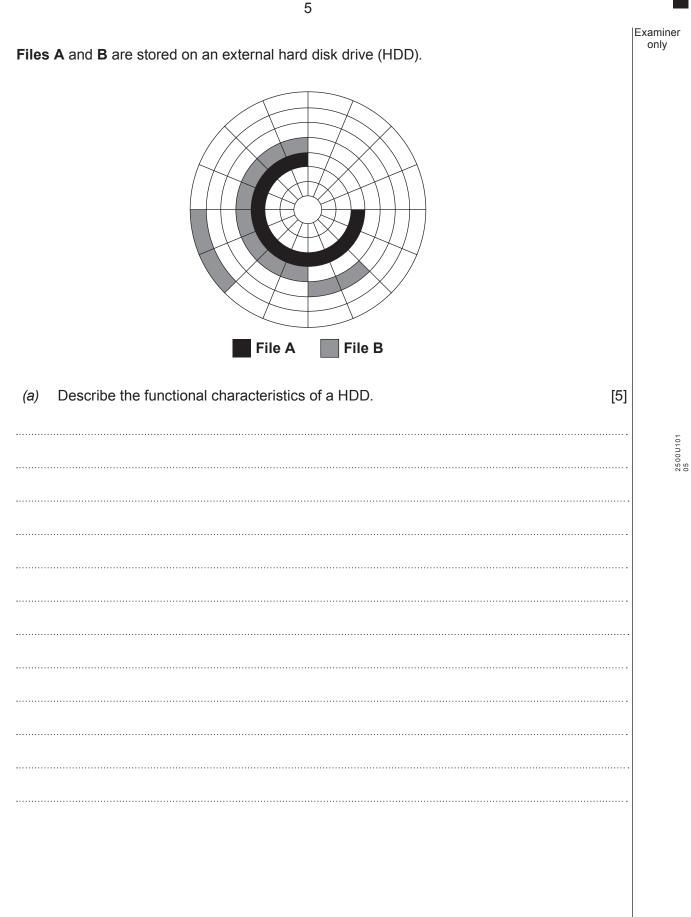
- 3
- 2. This is an algorithm which should have four outputs, <code>a, b, c</code> and <code>d</code>. The algorithm does not work as intended.

```
define myFunction
1
2
    declare c as integer
3
    declare d as integer
          set c = 3
4
5
          set d = 4
6
    end myFunction
7
8
    Start MainProg
9
    declare a as integer
    declare b as integer
10
11
12
    set a = 0
13
14
    if a = 0 then
          set b = 1
15
16
    end if
17
18
    call myFunction
19
20
    output a
21
    output b
22
    output c
23
    output d
24
25
    End MainProg
```

(a)	State the outputs that this algorithm will give.	[2]
•••••		
•••••		••••

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(b) Explain (why this algorithm o	loes not work as inte	nded.		[4]
Apart from bu	ises, describe the	function of three	main components	in a contempo	rary
Apart from bu /on Neumann	ises, describe the type CPU architect	function of three ure.	main components	in a contempo	rary [6]
Apart from bu /on Neumann	ises, describe the type CPU architect	function of three ure.	main components	in a contempo	rary [6]
Apart from bu /on Neumann	ises, describe the type CPU architect	function of three ure.	main components	in a contempo	rary [6]
Apart from bu /on Neumann	ises, describe the type CPU architect	function of three ure.	main components	in a contempo	rary [6]
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/on Neumann	type CPU architect	ure.			[6]
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/on Neumann	type CPU architect	ure.			
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/on Neumann	type CPU architect	ure.			
/on Neumann	type CPU architect	ure.			
Von Neumann	type CPU architect	ure.			



4.

Examiner Explain why there would be a difference in disk access speeds when loading File A and File B into main memory. (b) (i) [3] (ii) An alternative secondary storage medium which does not have the same issue as question (b)(i) is a Solid State Drive (SSD). Explain why this is the case. [2]

only

	oolean expression			
(a)	Ir	put	Output	[1]
	Α	. В	C	
	0	0	0	
	1	0	1	
	0	1	0	
	1	1	0	
(b)	In	put	Output	[1]
	Р	Q	R	
	0	0	1	
	1	0	0	
	0	1	0	
	1	1	0	
(c)	Ir	ıput	Output	[1]
	X	Y	Z	
	0	0	1	
	1	0	0	
	0	1	0	
	1	1	1	
	L			

5.

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(a)	Explain what is meant by the term parameter and how passing parameters by reference works. [2]	
′b)	Describe another method for passing parameters to a procedure. [2]	
(c)	Give one disadvantage of passing parameters by reference. [1]	

8

7.	(a)	Draw a clearly labelled diagram that shows how a transaction file and master file are used during an update. [4]	Examiner only
	(b)	Describe the data used and the organisation of transaction files and a master file for an application of your choice. [4]	25000-101
	(C)	Describe the most suitable mode of operation for your chosen application. [3]	

Turn over.

$A.(B + C) + A.(0 + \overline{A}) + B.(1 + C)$								
					••••••			
					••••••			
					•••••••			

Clearly showing each step, simplify the following Boolean expression using Boolean algebra 8.

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9. Describe methods used in file security to prevent accidental data loss from computer systems. [6]

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10. Two different types of search algorithm are binary search and linear search.

(a) The following is a binary search algorithm.

```
1
    declare myArray[0 to 10]
2
    declare start is integer
3
    declare end is integer
    declare found is Boolean
4
5
    declare mid is integer
6
7
    set start = 0
8
    set end = 10
9
    set found = FALSE
10
    input searchValue
11
12
13
    repeat
14
          set mid = (start + end) DIV 2
15
          if searchValue = myArray[mid] then
                set found = TRUE
16
                Output "searchValue found at position", mid
17
18
          end if
19
20
          if searchValue > myArray[mid] then
                set start = mid + 1
21
          end if
22
23
24
          if searchValue < myArray[mid] then
25
                set end = mid -1
26
          end if
27
28
    until (found = TRUE) OR (end < start)
```

By crossing out or shading the discarded elements in the diagram below, show how the algorithm will reduce the part of the array being searched at each repetition.

	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Original Data	12	22	27	31	38	54	63	71	73	87	92
Repetition 1	12	22	27	31	38	54	63	71	73	87	92
Repetition 2	12	22	27	31	38	54	63	71	73	87	92
Repetition 3	12	22	27	31	38	54	63	71	73	87	92

myArray

searchValue = 22

[3]

Examiner only (b) Write a linear search algorithm, using pseudo-code, for the following array.



Your algorithm should output the position of the searchValue if it is found or a suitable message
if the searchValue is not found.

Your algorithm should be written using self-documenting identifiers.

.....

[8]

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Examiner only Describe an appropriate circumstance for the use of each search type. (C) [2] **11.** (a) Convert $6C_{16}$ and AF_{16} into binary and add them together using binary addition. [3]

(b) In a certain computer system, real numbers are stored in **normalised** floating-point form using a positive 4 bit mantissa and a positive 4 bit exponent.

Mantissa				Expo	onent	
ſ						

Calculate the denary range of positive real numbers that can be stored in this normalised floating-point form.

Show all your workings. [6]

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			umbers in integer form	01	[
Desc	ribe the different me	thods of investigatio	n used by a systems a	analyst.	[
		-			

Discuss the data.	advantages	of using	database	systems a	and their	associated	d features to	store [11]
<u>.</u>								
<u>.</u>								

END OF PAPER

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