

GCE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2017

ELECTRONICS - ET5 1145/01

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

GCE ELECTRONICS - ET5

SUMMER 2017 MARK SCHEME

1. (a) (i) Stuck state - S_6 (111)

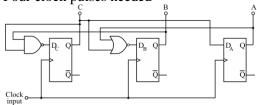
1 mark

(ii) Unused state - S_4 (101) or S_5 (100) or S_7 (010)

1 mark

(iii) Four clock pulses needed

1 mark



D_A correct

1 mark

 D_{B} correct

1 mark

D_C correct

1 mark

Clock connections correct

1 mark

Total for Q1

7

2. (a)

State	Current Outputs			Next Outputs		
State	C	В	A	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{C}}$	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{B}}$	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{A}}$
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1	0	0
2	1	0	0	1	1	0
3	1	1	0	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	0	1
5	1	0	1	0	1	1
6	0	1	1	0	0	1
7	0	0	1	0	0	0

(i) All correct

1 mark

(ii) $D_A = C.B.\overline{A} + C.B.A + C.\overline{B}.A + \overline{C}.B.A$

1 mark

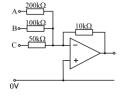
Any correct simplification

1 mark

$$D_A = C \cdot (A + B) + A \cdot B$$

(Accept: $\mathbf{C} \cdot \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A} \cdot (\mathbf{C} \oplus \mathbf{B})$ or $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{C}$)

(b) (i)



Total for Q2

8

Three input resistors connected correctly Feedback resistor and non-inverting input connected correctly

1 mark 1 mark

(ii) Resistor values in correct ratio

1 mark

Lsb input to biggest input resistor (iii) $V_{OUT} = -[(12 \times 10/200) + (0 \times 10/100) + (12 \times 10/50)]$

1 mark

(iii) $V_{OUT} = -[(12 \times 10/200) + (0 \times 10/100) + (12 \times 10/50)]$ = -3V

1 mark

(c) (i) Increase frequency of synchronous counter clock, or equivalent

1 mark

(ii) Increase value of feedback resistor, or equivalent

1 mark

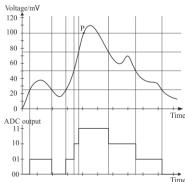
(e.g. increase logic 1 voltage)

Total for Q2 10

Resolution = $100 / 2^2 = 25 \text{mV}$ 3. (a)

1 mark

(b)



All nine levels correct

Eight levels correct = 2 marks

Seven levels correct = 1 mark

Point 'P' identified correctly (c)

3 marks

1 mark Total for Q3

(a) (i) Treble boost = \mathbf{D} 4.

(ii) Output saturates, or equivalent

1 mark

At the break frequency, $X_C = \mathbf{R}$ or equivalent

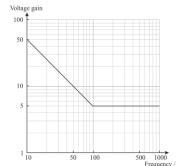
(ii) Break frequency = 96.46 Hz (accept any value between 96 and 96.5 Hz) Correct interpretation of multipliers

1 mark 1 mark

Break frequency = 96 Hz (accept 96.45 or 96.5)

1 mark

(iii)



Correct shape

1 mark

Correct break frequency and high freq. gain

1 mark

Correct slope for low freq. gain

1 mark

Allow e.c.f. from (b)(ii)

Total for Q4

1 mark 1 mark

(iv) Frequency = 500 HzAmplitude = 500 mV (allow ecf from (b)(iii)

1 mark

10

 $V_R = 9.0 V \text{ (or } V_Z + V_R = 12 V)$ 5. *(a)*

1 mark

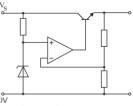
 $V_z = 3.0 \text{ V}$ *(b)*

 $V_R = 9.5 V$ (accept 10 V, or $V_Z + V_R = 12.5 V$)

Both correct

1 mark

(c) (i)



Non-inverting amp

Emitter follower

1 mark 1 mark

Resistor network

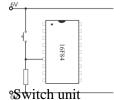
1 mark 1 mark

(ii) $R_F: R_1 = 2$ AND both resistors >1 $k\Omega$

Total for Q5

6

6. (a)



Correct orientation

1 mark

- (b) (i) **Red Yellow Blue** LEDs
 - (ii) Blue lights for 6 s
 - (iii) Red lights for 12 s
 - (iv) 209 checks to see if door is still open, or equivalent 210 - If it is still open, sequence repeats, or equivalent
 - (v) Label added to line 201 (vi) **movf Wstore,0** (or Wstore,W)

1 mark 1 mark 1 mark

1 mark

- 1 mark
- 1 mark
- 1 mark
- 1 mark

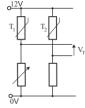
Voltage at X = 3.75 V (accept 3.8 V)

1 mark

Total for Q6

(ii)

7.



Second temperature-sensing unit

Correct orientation

 $V_{OUT} = 20 x + 1.5$ *(b)* = -30 mV

Correct voltage gain Correct answer

(+30 mV - subtract one mark)

(c)

- 1 mark 1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

Increase the resistance of variable resistor VR₁

or increase feedback and input resistors

Total for Q7

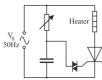
1 mark 6

(a) (i) S_1 switches on the heater S_2 **switches off** the heater 1 mark 1 mark

1 mark

(b)

8.



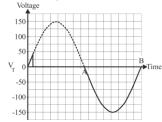
(ii) Minimum current = 20 mA

Correct connections for capacitor and variable resistor

(ii) Correct symbol AND correct connection for diac

1 mark

(iii)



Correct shape for positive half-cycle,

Switching at 40 V

Correct shape for negative half-cycle

(iv) Voltage across heater = 0 V.

(v) Using $\tan \phi = R / X_C$, setting = 2.97 k Ω (accept 3 k Ω)

1 mark

1 mark 1 mark

1 mark

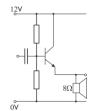
1 mark

1 mark

Total for Q8

10

9. (a)



		Resistor chain connected to base	1 mark
		Equal valued resistors AND all $> 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	1 mark
		Rest of circuit correct	1 mark
<i>(b)</i>	(i)	Advantage such as low output impedance	1 mark
	(ii)	Disadvantage such as high quiescent power dissipation in transistor	1 mark
(c)		Evidence of correct current – 663 mA	1 mark
		Correct answer - 4.4 W	1 mark

Total for Q9