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Centre Number

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Other Names

# GCE AS/A Level – LEGACY

1213/01

# GEOLOGY – GL3 Geology and the Human Environment

FRIDAY, 17 MAY 2019 - AFTERNOON

1 hour 15 minutes

	For Examiner's use only		
	Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
Section A	1.	12	
	2.	13	
Section B	3.		
	4.	25	
	5.		
	Total	50	

# **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

A calculator.

# **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** questions from Section **A** and **one** from Section **B**.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

# INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

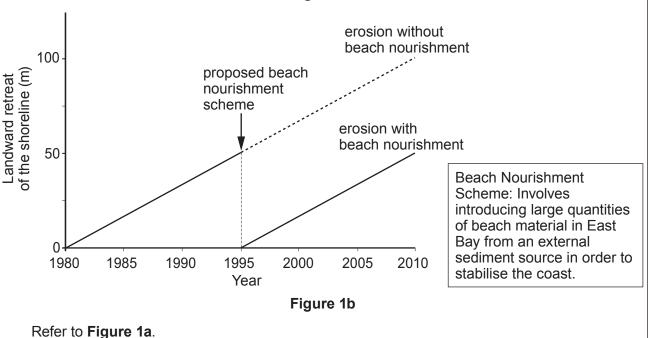
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

Candidates are reminded that marking will take into account the use of examples and the quality of communication used in answers, especially in the structured essay.

#### Examiner **SECTION A** only Answer both questions 1 and 2 on the lines provided in the questions. Figure 1a is a 1995 map of an area of coast undergoing changes in the shoreline. Figure 1b is a model of the effect of a beach nourishment scheme on the predicted retreat for East Bay in Figure 1a **KEY** Ν 1995 --- dated •30 shoreline 1937 positions EAST BAY Breakwater (1937) cliff 1937 1937 Sandy Beach VEST BA 1995 🛲 Landslip 🖂 Housing Scale 0 200 m •30 Spot height (m) Figure 1a erosion without

2

1.



(a) (i) State the direction of longshore drift in Figure 1a. Give a reason for your answer.
 [1]

(ii) Explain the effect of building the breakwater in 1937 on the later position of the shoreline of both West and East bays. [2]

East Bay without a beach nourishment scheme.

Refer to Figure 1b. In 1995 a beach nourishment scheme was considered for East Bay.

Using Figure 1b, calculate the mean rate of shoreline retreat that is predicted for

(b)

(i)

Show your working.

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[2]

mν Complete Table 1 by stating the net amount of shoreline retreat at East Bay (ii) predicted between 1980 and 2000 under the following conditions; • with the implementation of a beach nourishment scheme without the implementation of a beach nourishment scheme. [2] net shoreline retreat between 1980 and 2000 (m) with beach nourishment • without beach nourishment • Table 1 "A beach nourishment scheme at East Bay would reduce the amount and rate of (iii) landward retreat of the shoreline due to erosion." Critically evaluate this statement with reference to the evidence in Figure 1b. [3] (C) Explain how the addition of sand to the beach might be effective in managing the cliff erosion at East Bay. [2] Turn over. © WJEC CBAC Ltd. (1213-01)

Examiner only Figure 2a shows the geological setting for a proposed radioactive waste disposal store in an 2. area of very low seismic activity. sandstone proposed spring impermeable cover aquifer radioactive waste boreholes for disposal store town water town supply sea Key

4

 Key
 water table
 saline

 Image: water boundary
 fresh/saline
 groundwater

 Image: major groundwater flow
 fractured, crystalline rock
 shale

 Image: minor groundwater flow
 Diagram not drawn to scale

Figure 2a

# Refer to Figure 2a.

- (a) Water is supplied to the town by pumped boreholes.
  - (i) Explain why water once flowed freely to the surface via natural springs in the town. [2]
     [2]
     (ii) Stating your evidence, describe **one** potential problem which may affect the water supply to the town before the construction of the radioactive waste disposal store. [2]
     problem
     evidence

#### **SECTION B**

Answer one question from this section on the following pages.

The marks you will be awarded in your essay take into account:

evidence of geological knowledge and understanding; the use of geological examples; legibility, accuracy of spelling, punctuation and grammar; the selection of an appropriate form and style of writing; the organisation of material, and use of geological vocabulary.

### EITHER,

- 3. (a) Describe how the magnitude and intensity of earthquakes can be measured. [10]
  - (b) With reference to a named major earthquake(s), explain the factors that affect the intensity of earthquake damage. [15]

#### OR,

- **4.** (a) Explain why dangerously high concentrations of radon gas are found in some buildings in Britain. [10]
  - (b) Describe how the foundations of large structures can be affected by unfavourable geology leading to problems of ground instability. [15]

### OR,

- 5. (a) Describe two geological hazards associated with a **named** volcanic eruption at a convergent plate boundary. [10]
  - (b) Assess the effectiveness of the monitoring techniques used to predict eruptions. [15]

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