Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		2



GCE A LEVEL - NEW

A480U10-1





TUESDAY, 4 JUNE 2019 – AFTERNOON

GEOLOGY – A level component 1 Geological Investigations

2 hours 15 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this examination paper, you will need:

- · the Resource Sheet
- · Specimens A, E and F
- geological equipment for testing specimens
- the Mineral Data Sheet
- · a calculator
- a protractor
- · a ruler

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION	FOR	CANDIDATES

This paper is in 2 sections, **A** and **B**.

Section **A**: 30 marks. Answer **both** questions. You are advised to spend about 35 minutes on this section.

Section **B**: 75 marks. Answer **all** questions. You are advised to spend about 1 hour 40 minutes on this section.

The geology is **not** designed to represent any particular area.

The Mineral Data Sheet and Map 1 and Photographs 1, 2, 3 and 4 are provided on separate resource sheets.

Strips of plain paper may be obtained from the supervisor on request.

Three specimens, A, E and F, are provided for use.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

The assessment of the quality of extended response (QER) will take place in questions 5 and 7.

	For Examiner's use only			
	Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
Section A	1.	16		
Section A	2.	14		
	3.	12		
	4.	9		
	5.	9		
Section B	6.	9		
	7.	6		
	8.	9		
	9.	21		
	Total	105		

[2]

SECTION A

Answer all questions.

1. Figure 1a shows an example of the trilobite *Nobiliasaphus*.

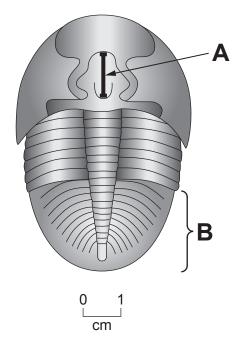


Figure 1a

Refer to Figure 1a.

(a)	State the name of the features represented by A and B .	
	•	

В

(b) **Figure 1b** shows how the number of thoracic segments of two groups of trilobites have changed during geological time.

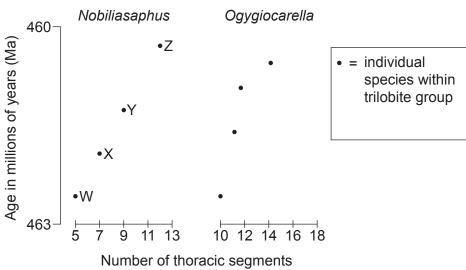


Figure 4b

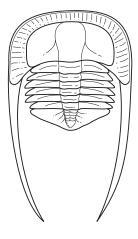
Figure 1b

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Refer to Figure 1b.								
	(i)	State the geo	logical perio	d shown ii	n Figure 1	b. Tick (/	only one bo	x. [1]
	Pr	ecambrian	Jurassi	С	Quaterna	ry	Ordovician	
	(ii)	State the geo	logical era in	which the	trilobites	lived.		[1]
		Era						
(c)	Refe	r to Figures 1 a	a and 1b .					
	(i)	Identify the le shown in Fig				vhich repre	esents the trild	obite species [1]
			W	x	Y	Z		
	(ii)	The number Nobiliasaphudifference in t	s and <i>Ogygio</i>	<i>carella</i> ch	anged ove	er time. Sta		
		Similarity						
		Difference						
	(iii)	A student co than punctual shown in Fig	ted evolution.	the trilobi Evaluate	tes showr this concl	n in Figure usion with	e 1b show gr reference to t	adual rather he evidence [3]

(d) Figure 1c shows an example of the trilobite *Trinucleus*.



0 1 cm

Figure 1c

	Suggest, with reference to its morphology, the likely mode of life of <i>Trinucleus</i> .	
(ii)	Explain why it is difficult to determine the modes of life of the fossils in Figures 1b and 1c .	1a , [3]

2. Figure 2a shows a graphic log recorded from a coal-bearing sequence in Northern England.

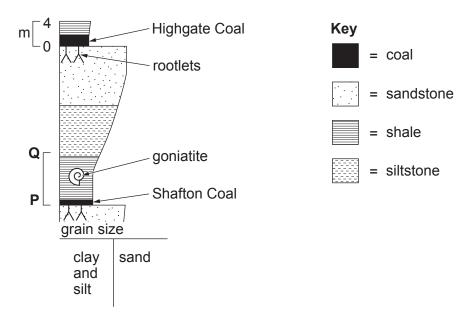


Figure 2a

(a)	Figure 2a.	e cnanges	ın palae	oenvironment	auring	deposition	between	P and	Q on [3]
									•••••••••••

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(b) Figure 2b contains information about the ranks of coal and their composition.

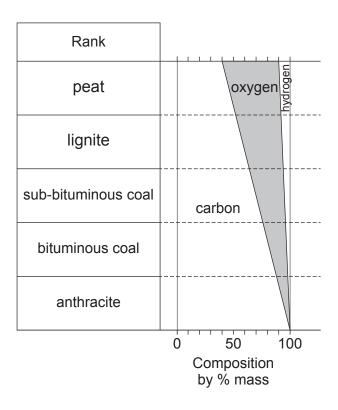
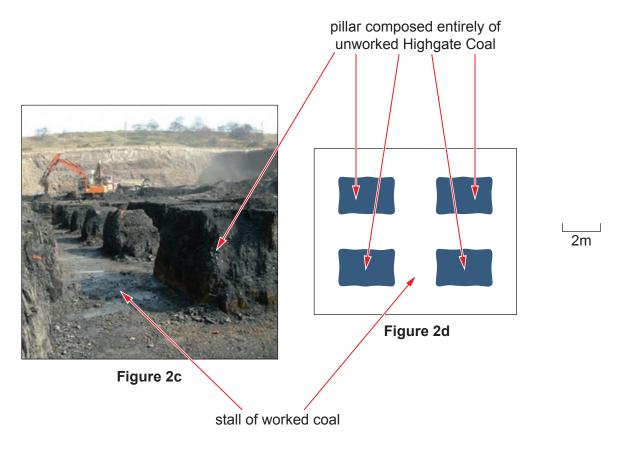


Figure 2b

(1)	Describe the appearance of anthracite in hand specimen.	[2]
(ii)	Analysis of the Highgate Coal revealed that it has 4% hydrogen and 13% oxygemass:	n by
	 calculate the % carbon by mass in the Highgate Coal. determine the rank of the Highgate Coal using Figure 2b. 	[2]
	% Carbon	
	Rank	

(c) **Figure 2c** shows some 19th century workings that have been discovered in the Highgate Coal during modern extraction of the area by opencast mining. The 19th century mining used the pillar and stall method. **Figure 2d** is a plan of an area within these workings.



Using the information shown in **Figures 2a** and **2d** calculate the volume of coal left in the pillars within the area of **Figure 2d**. Show your working. [3]

A mining company is planning to investigate whether to extract coal from the surrounding

Volume of coal	

, ,	area in the future by conducting a systematic borehole survey. this technique.	Evaluate the suitability of [4]
•••••		

(d)

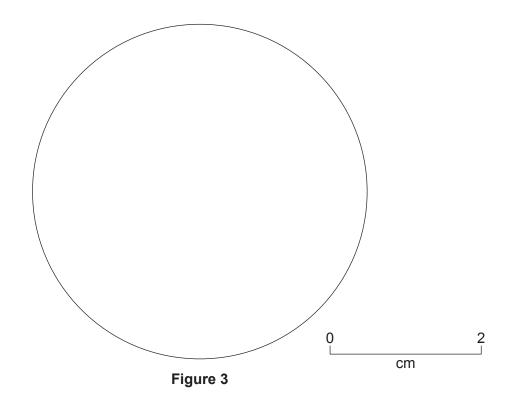
SECTION B

Answer all questions.

- 3. Study Map 1 on the resource sheet.
 - (a) Rock Unit J is a granite containing:
 - randomly orientated euhedral feldspar phenocrysts with a modal length of 2 cm
 - a subhedral groundmass with a modal crystal size of 5 mm.

Complete Figure 3 to show this texture.

[4]



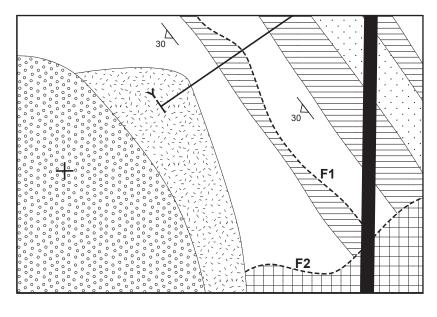
(D)	Describe one diagnostic test or observation that could be carried out to confirm the	at the
	phenocrysts are feldspar crystals.	

State the result of the test/observation. You may wish to refer to the Mineral Data Sheet.

Description	
 Result	

(c) Map 2 shows the south-western corner of Map 1. The key for the rock units is the same as for Map 1.

Rock Unit J has been correctly interpreted as a pluton and has produced a metamorphic aureole which is 50 m in width. Draw the outer edge of this metamorphic aureole on to **Map 2** below. [2]





Map 2

1	 	 	 	
•••••	 •••••	 	 	
2	 	 	 	

State and explain two factors that determine the width of a metamorphic aureole.

(d)

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[4]

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(a)	(i)	Describe the outcrop pattern of Rock Unit F on Map 1.	
	(ii)	Describe the texture and composition of Specimen F .	
	(iii)	State the name of Specimen F .	
(b)		reference to Specimen F and the outcrop pattern of Rock Unit F oype of igneous body formed by Rock Unit F .	on Map 1 , s
	Give	one piece of supporting evidence from each of:	
	•	Map 1 Specimen F	
	Туре	of igneous body	
	Evid	ence from Map 1	
	Evid	ence from Specimen F	

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5.	Photograph 1 on the resource sheet is a photograph showing Rock Units C, G and K around Locality I on Map 1 with the camera facing towards the north.	Examino only
	State and give reasons for the observations you would make in a field investigation to determine the past geological processes that have happened in the area shown in Photograph 1 , and the order in which they occurred.	
	You may wish to use an annotated diagram(s) in your answer. [9 QER]	

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. Sp	ecimen	E is a plaster cast of a fossil found in Rock Unit E on Map 1.	
(a _j) (i)	Draw a diagram of Specimen E in Figure 6a using the scale provided.	[3]
		0 cm	_1
		Figure 6a	
	(ii)	State the name of the fossil group represented by Specimen E .	[1]
(b	Uni be	dding plane ping at 60° cm fossil X. The figure shows a vertical section in a cliff face within Residue to the text of the t	.ock
		Figure 6b	
	Stat	te the name of the fossil group represented by fossil X.	[1]

(c)	Photograph 2 shows a sedimentary structure Map 1. Rock Units B and E have been overturned at Loto support this statement from: Photograph 2 (Locality III) Figure 6b (Locality II)	•	
•••••			
•••••			
•••••			•

 Photograph 3 shows the parent rock of Rock Units A and H. Specimen A is representative of Rock Unit A. Photograph 4 shows Rock Unit H.

With reference to **Specimen A** and **Photographs 3** and **4**:

 describe the processes which have resulted in the formation of Rock Units A a explain how these processes have produced the textures and mineralogies obsequences. Specimen A and Photograph 4. 	ind H . served in [6 QER]
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	•••••••••••
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
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[6]

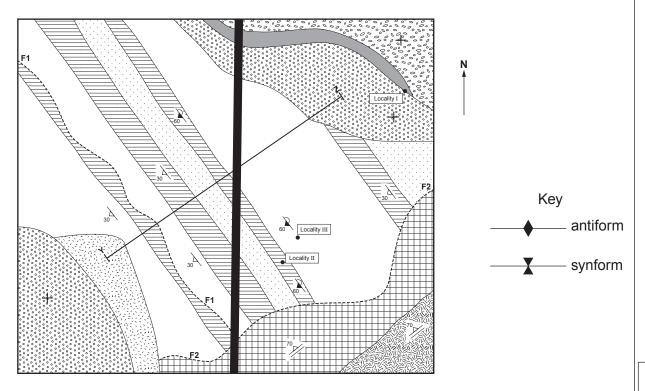
8. (a) Map 1 shows two faults, F1 and F2.

Complete Table 1 to describe the features of faults F1 and F2 on Map 1.

Feature of the fault	Fault F1	Fault F2
Angle of dip of the fault plane	80°	25°
Direction of dip of the fault plane	north-east	•
Hanging wall found on	•	south-east
Younger rock found on	•	•
Type of fault (Normal, Reverse, Thrust or Strike-Slip)	•	•

Table 1

- (b) Map 3 is a reduction of Map 1. The key for the rock units is the same as for Map 1. On Map 3 clearly mark and label the position of:
 - an unconformity in the **south-west** of the map
 - **two** fold axial plane traces (using symbols in the key). [3]



Map 3

Turn over.

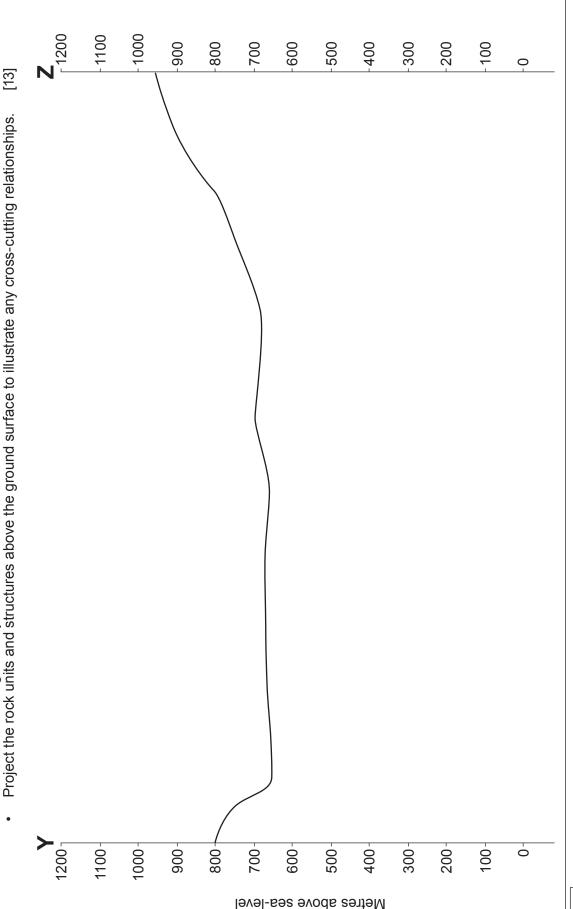
Examiner only

The topographic profile below was taken along the line Y-Z on Map 1. <u>a</u>

Complete the geological cross-section along this line using Map 1.

Draw the rock units. Use similar ornament or letters for those as used on Map 1 Draw and label any fold axes

Draw arrows alongside any **faults** to show movement Project the rock units and structures above the ground surface to illustrate any cross-cutting relationships.



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(b)	In the spaces below complete the sequence of geological events represented on Majin order of age, oldest at the base. Do not include Rock Units A, C and H.	p 1,	only
	Your sequence should list, in the boxes provided, all the rock units except for;		
	Rock Units A, C and H		
	Identify each Rock Unit by their letter given in the key to Map 1.		
	Clearly mark and label the position of:		
	 Fault F1 Fault F2 an episode of folding 	[8]	
	Youngest		
	Oldest		
	END OF PAPER		21
Acknowl	edgement:		
Figure 20	https://www.aditnow.co.uk/Photo/28Th-March-2007_84806/		

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