Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		2



### GCE AS/A LEVEL - NEW

2660U30-1



# MUSIC – AS unit 3 Appraising

MONDAY, 22 MAY 2017 - MORNING

1 hour 30 minutes (approximately)

Section 1: Areas of study

B/C/D

Section 2: Areas of study

For Examiner's use only					
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded			
Q.1/3/5	17				
Q.2/4/6	10				
Q.7	10				
Q.8/10	15				
Q.9/11	20				
Total	72				

#### **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

In addition to this exam paper a resource booklet is provided for Section 1: Areas of Study B/C/D.

You will need an **unmarked** copy of the score you have studied for Section 2: Area of Study A.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Use black ink or ball-point pen. Answers to **all** questions, including rough work, should be made in the spaces provided in the answer booklet. Answers in music notation may be written in pencil or ink.

In Section 1 answer either questions 1 and 2 or questions 3 and 4 or questions 5 and 6.

In Section 2, answer either questions 7, 8 and 9, or questions 7, 10 and 11.

Answers must be located wherever possible with either bar numbers, figure numbers or line numbers as appropriate to the repertoire.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Full instructions, including lengths of pauses and the number of times an extract will be played, are written at the beginning of each question and are also included on the CD recording which will be played to you.

The allocation of marks is given at the end of each question or part question. Unless specified you will be awarded one mark for each relevant comment up to the maximum allowed for that question.

At the end of the examination this answer booklet must be handed to the supervisor.

JD\*(S17-2660U30-1)

#### Answer both sections of this paper.

#### Section 1

#### In Section 1 answer questions on only one of these Areas of Study

Area of study B: Rock and Pop (Questions 1&2)
Area of study C: Musical Theatre (Questions 3&4)
Area of study D: Jazz (Questions 5&6)

#### Section 2

Area of study A: The Western Classical Tradition

**Answer question 7** 

and

**Either,** The Symphony (Questions 8&9)

**Or,** Religious Choral Music (Questions 10&11)

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#### **SECTION 1**

Answer **either** questions 1 and 2, **or** questions 3 and 4, **or** questions 5 and 6. You will need to refer to the resource booklet in this section.

#### Area of study B: Rock and Pop 1965-1990

 You will hear a short extract from the song 'Space Oddity' written and performed by David Bowie. The lyrics of the extract and a lead sheet of the first ten lines of the lyrics are provided on pages 2 and 3 of the resource booklet. [17]

The extract will be played **4 times** with a **1 minute** pause between each playing and a **5 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

Locate your answers with bar or line numbers where appropriate.

You now have **2 minutes** to read the questions and study the lead sheet and lyrics.

(a)	Give <b>two</b> features of the <b>vocal melody</b> in bars 1–12. Give bar numbers in your answhere necessary.	wer [2]
	1.     2.	
(b)	Identify the <b>interval</b> (e.g. 4th), added as a <b>vocal harmony</b> to the main melody, heard bars 3–6.	
(c)	State what is meant by D/F#, seen in bars 6 and 12 of the lead sheet.	[2]
(d)	Write out in full (e.g. C major 7 = C, E, G, B) the chord of <b>E7</b> used in bar 17.	[1]
(e)	Place a <b>tick (/)</b> in the box which best describes the <b>tonality</b> in the instrumental passa between lines 6 and 7 (bars 13–15).	age [1]

Tonality	Tick (√)
Major	
Minor	
Modal	
Atonal	

(f)	Name the <b>one</b> chord (e.g. Dm or D minor) that is used at the <b>start</b> of bars 19 and 21. [1
(g)	Referring to lines 7–14 of the lyrics, describe the use of <b>vocal harmonies</b> in this part of the extract.
(h)	Tick (/) the appropriate box below to indicate which is the correct version of the melod heard in line 14 of the lyrics.
	and the stars look ve - ry diff - e - rent to -day ——
	and the stars look ve - ry diff - e - rent to -day —
	and the stars look ve - ry diff - e - rent to -day —
(i)	Describe the <b>use of instruments</b> in the extract. Refer to line numbers and/or bar numbers where necessary in your answer. [4

[1]

1969

(j)

1989

<u>Underline</u> the year in which you consider that the song was recorded.

1979

Explain how the accompanying instruments (band/orchestra) are used in Rock and/or Pop music. Support your answer with examples from at least three contrasting songs you have studied throughout the course. [10]

In your answer you may refer to:

- · types of instruments and how they are used
- a variety of contrasting instrumental combinations
- · instrumental sections including intros and outros
- textural variation within songs

The quality of written communication and the accurate use of specialist vocabulary are assessed in this question.

You now have 15 minutes to answer question 2.					

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#### **SECTION 1**

Answer **either** questions 1 and 2, **or** questions 3 and 4, **or** questions 5 and 6. You will need to refer to the resource booklet in this section.

#### **Area of study C: Musical Theatre**

 You will hear part of a song from a musical. The lyrics of the extract and a lead sheet of the first six lines are provided on pages 4 and 5 of the resource booklet. [17]

The extract will be played **4 times** with a **1 minute** pause between each playing and a **5 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

Locate your answers with bar or line numbers where appropriate.

You now have 2 minutes to read the questions and study the lead sheet and lyrics.

(a)	Give <b>two</b> features of the <b>vocal melody</b> in bars 2–5. Refer to bar numbers in y answer.	our [2]
	1	
	2	
(b)	Identify the <b>structure</b> of the song in the section between lines 5–14 of the lyrics.	[1]
(c)	Identify the chord (e.g. C <sup>6</sup> ) in bar 17 of the lead sheet.	[1]
(d)	Write out in full (e.g. C major 7 = C, E, G, B) the chord of <b>Am7</b> used in bars 9 and 23.	[1]
(e)	Place a <b>tick</b> (/) in the box which best describes the <b>tonality</b> heard in this extract.	[1]

Tonality	Tick (√)
Begins in a minor key and modulates to the relative major	
Begins in a minor key and modulates to the tonic major	
Begins in a minor key and modulates to the dominant major	
Begins in a minor key and modulates to the sub-dominant major	

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(f)		nmic features of b	oars 1–	17 of th	ie extrad	ct.			[2]
(g)	1-4. (You may wish	lity, describe how to consider voo rhythm, harmony	cal me	lody, c	orchestra	al acc	ompani	ment, co	[7] mpositional
(h)	Tick (/) the apple heard in line 9 c	propriate box below of the lyrics.	ow to in	dicate	which is	s the c	orrect v	ersion of	the melody [1]
=	The world has	gone mad to	- day -	– and	good's	bad	to - day		
=	The world has	gone mad to	- day -	– and	good's	bad	to - day		
<u> </u>	The world has	gone mad to	- day -	– and	good's	bad	to - day		
(i)	Underline the co	ompoor of this o							

**4.** Explain how the accompanying instruments (orchestra/pit band) are used in Musical Theatre. Support your answer with examples from **at least three** contrasting works you have studied throughout the course. [10]

In your answer you may refer to:

- · types of instruments and how they are used
- a variety of instrumental combinations and textures
- how the orchestration adds to dramatic content
- contrast between instrumental sections and song accompaniment

The quality of written communication and the accurate use of specialist vocabulary is assessed in this question.

You now have 15 minutes to answer question 4.	

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#### **SECTION 1**

Answer **either** questions 1 and 2, **or** questions 3 and 4, **or** questions 5 and 6. You will need to refer to the resource booklet in this section.

#### Area of study D: Jazz

You will hear an extract taken from 'A Night in Tunisia' by Dizzy Gillespie, performed by a jazz ensemble. A lead sheet of the head and a table outlining the structure of the extract are on pages 6 and 7 of the resource booklet.
[17]

The extract will be played **4 times** with a **1 minute** pause between each playing and a **5 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

This extract is performed by a septet consisting of Trumpet, Alto Sax, Piano, Guitar, Bass, Drums and **one other** instrument. Underline the name of this other instrument from the

Locate your answers with bar numbers where appropriate.

You now have 2 minutes to read the questions and study the lead sheet and table.

	list below.				[1]
	Trombone	Tenor Sax	Clarinet	French Horn	
(b)	Give <b>two</b> feature answer.	ures of the <b>trump</b>	<b>et melody</b> in ba	rs 1–4. Refer to bar nui	mbers in youi [2]
	1				
	2				
(c)			ch begins at the e	e of the music played by end of the lead sheet.	[1]
(d)	The main solos of the <b>head</b> .	s are based upon tl		d structure as the <b>head</b> .	[1]
(e)	Write out in full	I (e.g. C major 7 =		nord of <b>Eb7</b> used in bars	
(f)	Name <b>two</b> rhy	thmic features hea	rd in the extract.		[2]
	1				
	2				

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(g)	Describe how the fro	ont-line and rhyth	nm section instrume	ents are used in the <b>h</b> o	ead section [4]
(h)	Tick (/) the approp	riate box below if used in bars 1-	to indicate which is –6 of the extract.	the correct version	of the main
2	4		4 - 4		
2	b b b b		40 0 HO		
2	4		40		
(i)	Describe how the fr sections of this extra	ont-line and rhyt	hm section instrum	ents are used in the	main solo [3]
(j)	Identify the style of j		vith the <b>solo break</b>	section of this extrac	t. <u>Underline</u> [1]
	Big band	Swing	Be-bop	Cool	

6.	Explain how the accompanying instruments (band/ensemble) are used in Jazz music. Support
	your answer with examples from at least three contrasting pieces you have studied throughout
	the course. [10]

In your answer you may refer to:

- types of instruments and how they are used
- a variety of instrumental combinations and textures
- rhythm section and front-line
- · written and improvised sections

The quality of written communication and the accurate use of specialist vocabulary are assessed in this question.

You now have 15 minu	ites to answer qu	estion 6.	

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#### **SECTION 2**

Answer question 7 and either questions 8 and 9 or questions 10 and 11.

#### Area of study A: The Western Classical Tradition

[10]

7. You will hear an extract from a String Quartet by Haydn, most of the melody of which is written below.

The extract will be played **6 times** with a **1 minute** pause between each playing and a **2 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

You now have 1 minute to read the questions.



[2]

(a)	State in full (e.g.	B minor) the ke	y of the music at the	following places:

Bar	Key
Bar 1	
Bar 9	

(b)	In the list below, tick (/) the two statements that accurately	describe the music of the first
	four bars.	[2]

The music ends with an imperfect cadence.	
The music begins with an anacrusis.	
Most instruments play pizzicato.	
The music contains a sequence.	

- (c) Complete the music in bars 6 and 7. The pitch in bar 6 and the rhythm in bar 7 have been given. [3]
- (d) Give the bar and beat number of **one** example of a dominant 7<sup>th</sup> chord. [1]
- (e) Give the bar, and where appropriate the beat, number(s) where **one** example of the following textures can be found: [2]

Texture	Bar and Beat
Monophonic texture	
Homophonic texture	

#### Either,

#### Area of study A: The Symphony

**8.** You will hear **two** extracts taken from Classical symphonies, both in C major. The first was composed in 1774 and the second in 1825. Compare the **stylistic** features of each symphony. [15]

In your answer you may refer to:

- orchestration/use of instruments
- texture
- melodic material
- harmony and tonality
- any other features you consider appropriate

Each extract will be played **3 times** with a **1 minute** pause after both extracts have been played and a **15 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

You may make rough notes on this page and begin your answer on the following page.
Rough Notes

only

only

9.	Haydn	<b>Symphony</b>	No	103	"Drum	Roll."
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You will need	an <b>unannotat</b>	ad score for	this augetion
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You now have **20 minutes** to answer the following questions on movement 1.

[20]

Locate your answers with bar numbers where appropriate.

(a) <u>Underline</u> the **place** in which this work was first performed.

[1]

Vienna Salzburg London Dublin

(b) Give bar numbers where the following musical features are located between bars 47 and 79. [4]

Musical Feature	Bars/Location
Inverted dominant pedal	
Imperfect cadence in E flat	
Diminished 7 <sup>th</sup> chord	
Perfect cadence in B flat	

(c) Identify the texture of the music in the following bars and give a reason for your answer.
[2+2]

	Type of Texture	Reason
Bars 33 <sup>3</sup> –39		
Bars 79–82		

(d) **Tick (/) two** musical features found between bars 179 – 186.

[2]

Musical Feature	Tick (✓)
Imitation	
Circle of 5 <sup>ths</sup>	
Sequence	
Hemiola	

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(e)	(i)	Identify the section that begins in bar 201.	[1]
		Section:	
	(ii)	Compare the material used in bars 201–218 with its first appearance at the beginn of the movement (i.e. bars 1–25¹).	ning [3]
(f)	Desc to su	cribe Haydn's use of thematic material in bars 93 <sup>2</sup> –158. Give bar number referencipport your answer.	ces [5]
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Or,

#### Area of study A: Religious Choral music

[15]

**10.** You will hear **two** extracts from settings of the religious poem *Stabat Mater* which depicts the suffering of Mary, mother of Jesus, at her son's crucifixion. The first was composed in 1736 and the second in 1767.

Both extracts use the same text. (The first extract uses only the first verse.) The lines used are given below together with their translation. Compare the stylistic features of each extract.

In your answer you may refer to:

- melodic material
- harmony and tonality
- orchestration/use of instruments
- texture
- any other features you consider appropriate

Each extract will be played **3 times** with a **1 minute** pause after both extracts have been played and a **15 minute** silence after the final playing for you to complete your answer.

You may make rough notes on this page and begin your answer on the following page.

#### **Text and translation**

O quam tristis et afflicta	Oh! How sad, how woe-begone
Fuit illa benedicta	Was that ever-blessed one,
Mater Unigeniti!	Mother of the Son of God!
Quae moerebat et dolebat	Christ above in torment hangs
Et tremebat dum videbat	She trembled to behold the pangs
Nati poenas inclyti	Of her dying glorious son

Rough Notes

only

only

#### **Mozart Requiem**

Dies Irae.

		•					
11.	You will need an <b>unannotated</b> copy of the score for <i>Requiem</i> by Mozart for this question. You now have <b>20 minutes</b> to answer the following questions on the <i>Dies Irae</i> . [20] Locate your answers with bar and beat numbers where appropriate.						
	(a)	(i)	<u>Underline</u> the <b>year</b> in which Mozart composed this work.			[1]	
			1788	1789	1790	1791	
		(ii)	State the	meaning of <i>Dies Ir</i>	<b>ae</b> .		[1]
		(iii)	State its k	ey.			[1]
			Key:				
	(b) Explain how the orchestral accompaniment in bars 1–8 helps contr this movement's opening.						[3]
	(c)	Tick	<b>(√) two</b> mu	usical features whic	ch can be four	nd in bars 10 to 19	<sup>1</sup> . [2]
	(c)	Tick		usical features whic	ch can be four	nd in bars 10 to 19´	1. [2]
	(c)				ch can be four		1. [2]
	(c)	Cir		Musical Feature	ch can be four		1. [2]
	(c)	Cir	cle of fifths	Musical Feature	ch can be four		<sup>1</sup> . [2]

# Turn over.

[2]

(d)	Give the bar and beat numbers (where appropriate) where the following musical	features
	may be located within bars 31–40 <sup>3</sup> .	[3]

Musical Feature	Bar/Location
Diminished 7 <sup>th</sup> chord	
Melodic augmented 2 <sup>nd</sup> in a voice part	
Neapolitan chord in D minor	

|--|

Key	Cadence

(f)	Describe <b>two</b> examples of word-painting between bars 40 <sup>3</sup> and 56.	[1+1]
	1	
	2.	

(g)	Describe Mozart's use of vocal textures in this movement. Give bar numbers to support your answer. [5]	Examiner only
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**END OF PAPER**