Surname			Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names				0
	GCSE – NEW			
wjec cbac	C490UA0-1	II III III III III III IIIIIIIIIIIIIII		duqas
	WEDNESDAY, 5 JUNE 2019 – MORNING			
	ELECTRONICS – Component 1 Discovering Electronics			

1 hour 30 minutes

For Examiner's use only			
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
1.	8		
2.	11		
3.	13		
4.	11		
5.	11		
6.	9		
7.	6		
8.	11		
Total	80		

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator and a ruler.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question. The assessment of the quality of extended response (QER) will take place in question **7**.

INFORMATION SHEET

2

This information may be of use in answering the questions.

Resistor Colour Codes

Black	0	Green	5
Brown	1	Blue	6
Red	2	Violet	7
Orange	3	Grey	8
Yellow	4	White	9

The fourth band colour gives the tolerance as follows:

GOLD ± 5% SILVER ± 10%

Resistors E24 series values

10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36, 39, 43, 47, 51, 56, 62, 68, 75, 82, 91.

Useful equations

$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$	$G = 1 + \frac{R_F}{R_1}$
К	IX]

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{IN} \qquad \qquad G = -\frac{R_F}{R_{IN}}$$

$$I_{\rm D} = g_{\rm M}(V_{\rm GS} - 3)$$
 $V_{\rm OUT} = -R_{\rm F} \left(\frac{V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_2}{R_2} + \cdots \right)$

$$I_{\rm C} = h_{\rm FE} I_{\rm B} \qquad \qquad T = 1.1 \rm RC$$

$\overline{A + B} = \overline{A}.\overline{B}$	$f = \frac{1}{T}$
A + B = A.B	т – Т

	f_ 1.44	
$\mathbf{A}.\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$	$1 - \frac{1}{(R_1 + 2R_2)}$	C

G-	V _{OUT}
U -	V _{IN}

 $\frac{T_{ON}}{T_{OFF}} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2}$

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Answer all questions.

1. (a) The diagram shows the pin out for an IC (integrated circuit).



(i)	Label pin 6 on this IC.	[1]
(ii)	How many logic gates are there on this IC?	 [1]
(iii)	How many inputs does each gate have?	 [1]
(iv)	Name the type of logic gate found on this IC.	 [1]

(b) For each of the following truth tables name the logic gate and draw the symbol for the logic gate named.

(i)			
(1)	В	Α	Q
	0	0	1
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	0

Name the logic gate	[1]
Name me logic gale	 נין

Draw the symbol for the logic gate named.

[1]

(ii)

В	Α	Q
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

Name the logic gate		[1]
---------------------	--	-----

Draw the symbol for the logic gate named.

[1]

Examiner only

- 2. (a) Large electronic systems are broken down in the design stage into three sub-system categories:
 - sensing units,
 - signal processing,
 - output devices.

For example, a buzzer is an **output** sub-system.

Here are five other sub-systems:

delay unit motor unit OR gate temperature sensing unit comparator unit

Complete the table by adding the name of each sub-system in the correct column. [3]

Sensing sub-systems	Signal processing	Output sub-systems
		buzzer unit

(b) A large house in the country has a long path leading to the front door. A system is required to turn on a set of LED lights to illuminate the path for visitors.

SPECIFICATION

- The lighting system should only operate if it is dark.
- The lighting system should be operated either at the front door or when someone opens the gate.
- The LED lights should remain on for a fixed period of 3 minutes and then switch off automatically, until they are switched on again.

The following sub-systems are available in addition to those in the block diagram. (They can be used **once, more than once** or **not at all**).

motor unit	OF	R gate	thyristor	
light sensing unit	buzz	er unit	switch u	unit (gate)
temperature sensing u	nit	AND gate	e tran	sistor driver

[5] Switch unit (house) LED Delay lights unit

7

Using the axes provided, sketch the output signal required from the delay unit, which is triggered at the time shown. [3] (C)



Select the correct sub-systems to complete the block diagram design.

Examiner only

Turn over.

Examiner only

3. (a) The following circuits contain identical batteries and lamps with different combinations of resistors.



The following resistor values are available. Each value can **only** be selected **once**.

10 k Ω 18 k Ω 36 k Ω 60 k Ω

Examiner

(c) The diagram shows part of a circuit.



- A comparator is used in a system to warn a driver when the temperature outside the vehicle is 4. just above freezing.
 - What is the name of the component that should be used as the sensor in this system? (a) [1]
 - Part of the circuit diagram is shown below. (b)



(C)	Determine the power dissipated in the 330Ω resistor when the LED has a current c $30\mathrm{mA}$ flowing through it.							Examiner only
(d)	The	compar	ator has saturatio	n values of 12V	and 0 V.			
	(i) Calculate the voltage drop across the 330Ω resistor when the current through it is $30 \mathrm{mA}$. [2]						ugh it is [2]	
	(ii) What is the resulting voltage drop across the LED?						[1]	
(iii) The following table shows a number of different LEDs that could h this circuit.					could have been	used in		
	Prod	uct	High efficiency Red LED Square	Yellow LED Square	Super bright Red LED Square	Green LED Square		

Product	Red LED Square	LED Square	Red LED Square	LED Square
Dominant Wavelength	625 nm	590 nm	650 nm	565 nm
Forward Current (max)	30 mA	35 mA	35 mA	30 mA
Forward Voltage	2V	2.1 V	1.85 V	2.2 V
LED colour	Red	Yellow	Red	Green

Determine which LED is most **likely** to have been used in this circuit.

.....

[1]



5.

only

(C)	(i)	Redraw the logic circuit using NAND gates only.	[3]	Examiner only
	(ii)	Cross out all redundant gates on the diagram above.	[2]	



The transisto Calculate the	has a current gain (h _{FE}) of 200. The transiste	or is just saturated.
(i) base cu	irrent I _B .	[4]
(ii) voltage	across the 1.2 $k\Omega$ resistor.	[1]
(iii) value o	f V _{IN} .	[1]

7. An industrial paint company uses an automated process for mixing different paint colours. The equipment has three paint release valves that open to dispense 1 ml of paint pigment per second. A 1 second delay is required between closing and opening the valve.

Valve 1: Red pigment

Valve 2: Blue pigment

Valve 3: Yellow pigment

To make a specific colour the required amount of each pigment is as follows:

Red $20 \,\mathrm{ml}$, Yellow $40 \,\mathrm{ml}$, and Blue $50 \,\mathrm{ml}$.

An apprentice has written the following program to dispense the coloured pigments.



Examiner only

Evaluate the program against the design specification. Clearly explain how the program agrees with or does not agree with the original specification. [6 QER]

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Examiner only



Here is the circuit diagram for a light sensing unit, and the characteristic curve for the LDR. 8.

	(ii) The variable resistor is set at a resistance of $62.5 k\Omega$. Calculate V _{out} at 200 lux. [3]	Examiner only
(b)	What happens to V _{OUT} when the light level increases? [1]	
(C)	The light sensor is now connected to a MOSFET. When the light level drops to 200 lux a lamp is switched on. The lamp draws a current of 6A.	
	(i) Determine the minimum value of g_M for the MOSFET. [4]	
	(ii) Complete the circuit diagram below to show the final design of the lighting system [2]	
15 V	/ o	
0 V	/	11
	END OF PAPER	